	Long Term Plan: Year 2 Curriculum Objectives							
Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
	How does the weather change?	Who was to blame for The Great	Where would you prefer to live,	Were the journeys of Captain	Why is the River Tees known as	What did the Wright brothers do		
		Fire of London?	East Coast England or East Coast	Cook and Dr Nicholas Patrick	'The Mighty River'?	to make them famous?		
English	Reading		Australia?	significant? Handwriting and Presentation				
Liigiisii	Word Reading				s of the correct size relative to	one another		
		onic knowledge and skills as the	route to decode words until					
	<ul> <li>continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined</li> </ul>				
		ending the sounds in words that		write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one				
		ognising alternative sounds for gr		another and to lower-case letters				
		ds of two or more syllables that co		<ul> <li>use spacing between v</li> </ul>	vords that reflects the size of th	ne letters.		
	above	HILL TOP						
	<ul> <li>read words containir</li> </ul>	ng common suffixes		Composition				
	read further commo	n exception words, noting unusua	al correspondence between	<ul> <li>Develop positive attitu</li> </ul>	des towards and stamina for w	riting by:		
	spelling and sound a	nd where these occur in the word		<ul> <li>writing narratives abo</li> </ul>	ut personal experiences and the	ose of others (real and fictional)		
	<ul> <li>read most words qui</li> </ul>	ckly and accurately, without over	t sounding and blending ,	<ul> <li>writing about real ever</li> </ul>	nts			
	when they have been	n frequently encountered		<ul><li>writing poetry</li><li>writing for different purposes</li></ul>				
		sely matched to their improving						
		accurately, automatically and wi		<ul> <li>Consider what they are going to write before beginning by:</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>reread these books t</li> </ul>	o build up their fluency and confi	dence in word reading.	<ul> <li>planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary</li> <li>encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence</li> </ul>				
	Communication	N. W. N. (1824)	27936					
	Comprehension							
		reading, motivation to read, voca ng and expressing views about a v		<ul> <li>make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by:</li> <li>evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils</li> </ul>				
		ories and non-fiction at a level be		<ul> <li>evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils</li> <li>rereading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form</li> </ul>				
	read independently	ones and non-netion at a level be	eyond that at which they can					
		nce of events in books and how i	tems of information are related			and punctuation (for example,		
		ly familiar with and retelling a wi		ends of sentences pun		and punctuation (for example,		
	stories and tradition			o read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear				
	being introduced to it	non-fiction books that are structu	red in different ways					
	<ul> <li>recognising simple re</li> </ul>	ecurring literary language in storic	es and poetry					
	<ul> <li>discussing and clarify</li> </ul>	ring the meanings of words, linkir	ng new meanings to known					
	vocabulary	/						
	_	urite words and phrases						
		p a repertoire of poems learnt by						
		ppropriate intonation to make th						
		books that they can already read	accurately and fluently and					
	those that they lister		dinformation and vocabulary	COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.				
		y already know or on background her	d information and vocabulary	A Desired				
	<ul> <li>provided by the teacher</li> <li>checking that the text makes sense to them as they read, and correcting inaccurate</li> </ul>							
	reading	The state of the s	.,					
	<ul> <li>making inferences or</li> </ul>	n the basis of what is being said a	nd done					
	answering and asking							
		nt happen on the basis of what ha	as been read so far	L-				
		sion about books, poems and oth						
	and those that they o	can read for themselves, taking to	urns and listening to what					
	others say							

 $\circ \quad \text{ Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both }$ 

those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

### Vocabulary, grammar & punctuation

Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:

learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see
 English <u>Appendix 2</u>), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question
 marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and
 the possessive (singular)

#### Learn how to use:

- sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command
- expanded noun phrases to describe and specify
- the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form
- subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)
- learning the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2
- some features of written Standard English

Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing and reading.

Appendix 2

### **Spoken Language**

- listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- give well-structured descriptions, explanations & and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings.
- maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participate in discussions, presentations, performances, roleplay/improvisations and debates
- gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- select and use appropriate registers for effective communication



	20116 1011111111111111111111111111111111	1	T
ear 2: Detail	of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)		
Vord	Formation of nouns using suffixes such as -ness, -er and by		
	compounding [for example, whiteboard, superman]		
	Formation of adjectives using suffixes such as -ful, -less		
	(A fuller list of <b>suffixes</b> can be found in the year 2 spelling section in English Appendix 1)	3	
	Use of the suffixes -er, -est in adjectives and the use of -ly in	В	4-315-1
	Standard English to turn adjectives into adverbs		33 [
Sentence	Subordination (using when, if, that, because) and co-ordination (using or, and, but)		
	Expanded noun phrases for description and specification [for example,	l.	- 11
	the blue butterfly, plain flour, the man in the moon]	Þ	1 (0) ///
	How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function as		E ///
	a statement, question, exclamation or command	Ι.	_~///
Text	Correct choice and consistent use of present tense and past tense throughout writing	M	
	Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to	М	-///
	mark actions in progress [for example, she is drumming, he was shouting]	L	
Dunatuatian	**	1	
Punctuation	Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences		
	Commas to separate items in a list	ы	
	Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark		
	singular possession in nouns [for example, the girl's name]	_	COM!
Terminology	noun, noun phrase	П	LATER
for pupils	statement, question, exclamation, command,		
	compound, adjective, verb,		
	suffix		
	adverb		ll
	tense (past, present)		
	apostrophe, comma		
	1 7 7		

### Mathematics \*Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) \*Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use >, < and = signs.

\*Count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0, forward and backward \*Count in tens from any number, forward and backward \*Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts to 100 \*Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x) and equals (=) signs \*Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers \*Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and the division of one number by another cannot. \*Recognise, find, name and write fractions ½, ¼, 1/3 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity

\*Identify and describe the

properties of 2-D shapes,

including the number of

a vertical line

sides and line symmetry in

- \*Count in steps of 3 from 0 forwards and Backwards.
- \*Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot)
- \* Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.
- \*Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs.
- \*Recognise, find, name and write fractions 2/4 and ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity \*Recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and
- \*Tell and write the time guarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock to show these times.
- \*Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.

- \*Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words TAF -WTS \*Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones).
- \*Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: -a two-digit number and ones
- -a two-digit number and
- -two two-digit numbers -adding three one-digit Numbers.
- \*Add and subtract two two-digit numbers \*Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another
- cannot. \*Write simple fractions (for example  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 6 = 3). \*Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes \*Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.

- \*Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line.
- \*Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; & applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods \*Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value \*Find combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money
- \*Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.
- \*Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm) to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers
- \*Compare and order lengths and record the results using >,< and =
- \*ell and write the time to five minutes. including quarter past/to the hour and draw hands on a clock face to show these

- \*Use place value and number facts to solve problems.
- \*Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. \*Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure mass (kg/g) to the nearest appropriate unit using scales \*Compare and order mass and record the results using >,< and = \*Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure capacity

>,< and =

- (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit using measuring vessels \*Compare and order volume/capacity and record the results using
- \*Solve problems with addition and subtraction: -using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures -applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. \*Know the number of minutes in an hour and number of hours in a day \*Compare and
- sequence intervals of time.
- \*Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure temperature (°C) to the nearest appropriate unit using thermometers \*Compare and order lengths and record the
- results using >,< and = \*Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- \*Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of
- quarter, half and three quarter turns. \*Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts,

right angles for

block diagrams

		Long reiniria	III. I Cai Z Cai I i	carain objectives	
Science			the following practical scientific in be answered in different ways	methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the progra	and simple tables  *Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity -Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data
	<ul> <li>observing closely, usi</li> <li>performing simple te</li> <li>identifying and classif</li> <li>using their observation</li> </ul>	ng simple equipment sts fying ons and ideas to suggest answer	s to questions	• ///	
	gathering and record	ing data to help in answering qu	lestions.	M / / / /	
Science	Uses of everyday materials	Animals including humans	Living things and their habitats	Plants	Seasonal Changes
	Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for different uses	Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults  Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals,	Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants  Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	
	Compare how things move on different surfaces.	including humans, for survival (water, food and air)	Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea		
	Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing,	Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and	of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.		
	bending, twisting and stretching	hygiene.	Francis	PER	
Computing	Computer Science Relay the order in which things software to make objects move Multimedia	e. Watch a program execute and	spot where it goes wrong so tha	i	
	with other people. Save and op to make electronic books indivi	oen files. Use an increasing varied idually and in pairs Explore the e	ty of tools and effects in paint profects of sound and music in anir	e and space text for others to read. Tell others about an online to ograms and talk about choices. Create own documents, adding to nation and video Use keyboard to enter text (index fingers left al TE and BACKSPACE buttons to correct text. Create sentences, SA	ext and images. Use templates and right hand). Know when and

#### Online Safety Recognise the Internet as an exciting place to be and begin to make good choices about age appropriate activities. Understand there are a variety of sources of information and begin to recognise the differences. Recognise different types of content on websites (e.g. adverts, links) and know that some things may not be true or safe. **Handling Data** Ask questions and consider how to collect information. Collect data; generate graphs and charts to find answers. Save and retrieve the data to show to others. Create paper/object decision trees and explore a branching database. Take and save photographs, video and record sound to capture learning. Use microscopes or other devices to capture and save magnified images. Investigate different types of digital data e.g. online encyclopaedias Information Technology Know why we use technology in the classroom. Know why we use technology in my home and community. Begin to understand that other people have created the information we use. Identify benefits of using technology including finding information, creating and communicating. Talk about the differences between the Internet and things in the physical world. IT around us Digital photography Robot algorithms **Pictograms** Programming quizzes Digital music **Computing Systems and Creating Media Programming A Programming B** Networks Data and Information **Creating Media** Who was to blame for The History Were the journeys of Captain What did the Wright **Great Fire of London?** Cook and Dr Nicholas Patrick brothers do to make them significant? famous? Using and understanding Cause consequence Significance sources of I can pick out some I can point out evidence and reasons for and results of which people were understanding people's actions. historically historical Chronology, knowledge important. interpretation and understanding and Chronology, using and understanding I can compare knowledge and different sources sources of evidence understanding and of evidence about I can include some details using and and event and when I talk/write about understanding identify some people from the past. sources of evidence similarities and I can compare different I can include some differences. sources of evidence details when I I can say which about a person and point talk/write about sources (from a out some similarities and features from the selection) are likely differences. past. to be most useful Chronology, knowledge I can compare for a task. and understanding and different sources of Chronology, understanding historical evidence about an knowledge and interpretations object and point understanding, I can place events on a out some significance and timeline. similarities and using and differences. I can say which sources understanding (from a selection) are Chronology, sources of likely to be the most knowledge and evidence understanding and useful for a task.

Chronology, knowledge

and understanding and

continuity and change

understanding

interpretations

historical

I can include some

talk/write about an

details when I

event or person.	I can include some details	I can include some
I can identify which	when I talk/write about	details when I
people were	events and people from	talk/write about
historically	the past.	people from the
important.	I can point out some	past.
I can compare	similarities and	I can say which
different sources	differences between	sources (from a
about a person	aspects of life at different	selection) are likely
and identify some	times in the past.	to be the most
similarities and	Cause and consequence	useful for a task.
differences.	I can pick out some reason	Continuity and
<ul> <li>Understanding</li> </ul>	for and results of	change
historical	people's actions and	I can point out
interpretations	events.	some similarities
and knowledge		and differences
and understanding		between aspects of
I can say which		life at different
sources (from a		times in the past.
selection) are likely		Cause and
to be the most		consequence
useful for a task.		I can pick out some
I can include some		reasons for and
details when I	_ ////	results of people's
talk/write about an		actions and events.
event.		
<ul> <li>Chronology,</li> </ul>		
knowledge and	-///	
understanding and		
using and		
understanding		
sources of		
evidence		
I can place events		
on a timeline.		
I can compare		
different sources		
about a person		
and identify some		
similarities and		
differences.		
Cause and		
consequence		
I can identify some		
results of people's		
actions and events.		

			Long Terminal		ulum Objective		
(	Geography	How does the weather		Where would you prefer to		Why is the River Tees known	
		change?		live, East Coast England or		as 'The Mighty River'?	
				East Coast Australia?			
						Locational Knowledge	
		Human and Physical		Place Knowledge:		Name and locate main	
		Geography:		Understand geographical		countries and continents that	
		Identify seasonal and daily		similarities and differences		are home to major rivers.	
		weather patterns in the		through studying the human			
		United Kingdom.		and physical geography of a			
		-Identify the location of hot		small area of the United		Geographical Skills and	
		and cold areas of the world		Kingdom, and of a small area		Fieldwork	
		in relation to the equator		in a contrasting Non-		Use simple compass	
		and the North and South		European country (Australia).		directions (North, South, East	
		Poles.				and West) and locational	
		-Use basic geographical				directional language to	
		vocabulary (see vocabulary		Geographical Skills and		describe the location of	
		section).		Fieldwork		features and routes on a map	
				Use world maps, atlases, and		(River Tees focus).	
				globes to identify the		Use Ariel photographs, plan	
				countries, continents, and		perspectives, simple	
				oceans of the world studied		fieldwork and observational	
				at this key stage (Australia		skills to recognise landmarks	
				focus).		and basic human and	
				-Use Ariel photographs to		physical features around the	
				recognise landmarks and		River Tees; devise a simple	
				basic human and physical		map of the River Tees and	
				features (comparison		local area; and use and	
				between the two).		construct basic symbols in a	
				,		key.	
	Design & Technology		Explore		Cooking and Nutrition		Explore Evaluate and explore
			Explore and evaluate how		To know basic principles of a		moving pictures in books and
			wheels move on a simple toy.		healthy diet		toys. Look at pop ups and
			Research changes in fire		To understand where food		levers.
			engines. Make mock ups		comes from		Technical Knowledge
			using construction kits.		Sort food into food groups-		Explore and use mechanisms
			Design		use the Eat well plate.		such as sliders, spinners and
			Understand how a product		Technical Knowledge/Design		levers
			works and how it used		To prepare a healthy dish		Design
			Identify the materials used to		Through talking and drawings		Design an idea to meet a
			make the product		plan and develop ideas		criteria-toy/picture must
			Design product to meet		Select ingredients		move.
			criteria- moving wheels		To use a range of tools (name		Through talking and drawings
			Plan, draw/record and talk		and use safely)cut, peel,		plan and develop ideas Use
			through ideas		grate		mock-ups/templates to test
			Create templates, mock ups		Evaluate		ideas, discuss how they work.
			and explore my ideas pinion		Taste and evaluate own		Make
			about the product		products		Use cutting drawing and
			Make				finishing techniques.
			Select tools and components				Select from a range of tools
			to perform the task				and materials for cutting,
			measure, mark, cut and				joining and finishing.
					l		,6

				garani e bjederve		
		shape materials and finishing the products.  Select materials according to				Select and use components  Evaluate  Evaluate own design
		suitable characteristic				
		Evaluate				
		Evaluate how my product				
		met the design ideas and				
		suggest how they can be				
		improved				
		Technical Knowledge				
		Use construction kits and				
		mechanical components-				
		wheels and axles				
		Test the final design				
Art & Design	Explain likes and dislikes of		Use a range of tools while		Take a simple photograph	
	own artwork by commenting		painting, such as hands,		using technology.	
	on the techniques used.		brushes, rollers and stamps.		Take a portrait photograph	
	Explore the work of a range		Show control when mark		using technology.	
	of artists, craft makers and		making.		Use simple paint software to	
	designers, describing the		Demonstrate awareness		create a picture.	
	differences and similarities		when choosing a brush for		Zoom into photographs to	
	between different practices		paint. For example, using a		focus on particular details.	
	and disciplines, and making		larger brush for larger areas.			
	links to own work.		Be able to make tints using			
	Express thoughts and		white paint and shades using			
	feelings about famous works		black paint.			
	of art.		Mix colours well to create			
	Describe the emotions a		different shades and tones.			
	piece of art brings about.		Name the primary colours.			
	Identify the changes that		Predict which secondary			
	could be made to improve		colour will be made when			
Dhysical Education	own artwork.		mixing two primary colours.			
Physical Education	Sport & Games	including running jumping thro	wing and eatching as well as dow	alaning halance, agility and so or	dination and bogin to annly the	so in a range of activities
		s, developing simple tactics for at		eloping balance, agility and co-or	umation, and begin to apply thes	se in a range of activities
	Perform dances using sim		tacking and deterioning			
	Ferroriii dances using siiii	pie movement patterns.				
	Swimming and water safety					
		ming instruction either in key sta	ge 1 or key stage 2.	To the Party of th		
	In particular, pupils should be	-				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	/" "Inner "In	2 - 5 11 .			
	swim competently. c	onfidently and proficiently over a	a distance of at least 25 metres			
	use a range of stroke					
		cue in different water-based situ	ations.		,	
	Hockey	Dance	Gymnastics	Ball skills (Tennis)	Ball skills (striking and fielding Rounders)	Athletics (field)
	Gymnastics	Ball skills (netball)	Invasion Game (Football)	Health and Fitness		OAA
	- ,	(			Athletics (Track events)	
					(1120, 2120, 2120, 2120,	

usic	Pupils should be taught to:	-		-		
	play tuned and un-tuned  listen with concentration	l instruments musically a and understanding to a rang	songs and speaking chants and rige of high-quality live and recorde using the interrelated dimensions	ed music	1	
	complex songs with increasing pitch accuracy  • To understand the difference between rhythm and pulse and to begin to alternate between the two  • To recognise crotchets, crotchet rests, quavers and semiquavers and be able to identify patterns of written notes from their sound  • To develop an understanding of pitch and how it is represented in written music  • To write rhythms that correspond with given words/phrases  • To understand the key words pulse, rhythm, pitch  "Identify patterns of written and how it is represented in written music  • To write rhythms that correspond with given words/phrases  • To understand the key words pulse, rhythm, pitch	To sing songs, exploring oud' and 'soft', 'high' and ow', 'spikey' and 'smooth', ast' and 'slow' voices To begin to recognise ifferent instruments emonstrated in recorded erformances To explore use of ousic/sound to represent arious pictures and stories To begin to inderstand/make use of the ousical terminology orte/piano', taccato/Legato', ounderstand dynamics of understand dynamics of be able to adjust voices and instruments using ousical symbols 'f' and 'p'. To create a soundscape, sing suitable percussion oustruments to express ements of a story Within the soundscape, take use of prescribed ousical ideas including mple melodic ideas. Continue to demonstrate, ith increasing recognition, are use of crotchets, orotchet rests, and quavers.	To sing songs written by famous composers with increasing accuracy Continue to sing songs with increasing complexity, embracing the concept of singing in parts. To identify a broader range of instruments, in particular those of the orchestra, and discuss in more detail elements of the sound making process specific to each one. To watch videos of orchestral music and identify the instruments and musical features To listen to famous musical works and answer specific questions about various musical features, using musical terms previously discussed To perform short excerpts from famous historical musical works. Key words will include: woodwind, brass, percussion, strings, and instrument names, techniques such as pizzicato and arco, trill and glissando. Students should also be able to use previously learned key words and apply them correctly when discussing musical excerpts.	To sing increasingly complex songs written by famous composers with increasing accuracy Continue to sing songs with increasing complexity, embracing the concept of singing in parts. To listen to music written by famous historical composers and discuss the music, using previous knowledge of musical terms To learn facts about specific composers and begin to recognise the difference between compositional styles To perform increasingly complex short excerpts from famous historical musical works and learn to transcribe them using basic online music software such as Chrome Music Lab. Key words will include: J.S. Bach. W.A. Mozart, Beethoven, Pagannini, and Louis Armstrong.	To learn songs from different countries and traditions and discuss their differences to more familiar music To listen to music from different countries/traditions and learn more detailed relevant terms such as 'call and response' and 'repetition'. To learn about instruments and features specific to music from various countries and begin to consider cultural and social elements that have shaped the music To apply knowledge from previous terms to perform basic world music ensemble pieces using pitched and unpitched instruments with increasing accuracy To perform songs and instrumental music using the key term 'call and response' relating to African Traditional Music.	Performance
eligious Education	Christmas:				I	1

### Religious Education

#### Christmas:

Begin to describe key features of the Nativity story
Begin to suggest why Christians celebrate in the way they do

### Easter:

Retell some of the key features of the Easter story

		Long Termina	ii. Year 2 Curric	diam Objective	.5				
	Suggest meanings for religious actions and symbols								
	Founders and leaders- Sikhism:								
	Will explain the key events in the life of Guru Nanak								
	Understand the importance Guru Nanak has for Sikhs today								
	Founders and leaders- Christianity:								
	Retell the stories covered in this unit with some detail								
	Suggest meanings for the stories showing that Jesus used stories to teach people about God and how they should live their lives								
	Sacred Texts- Sikhism:								
	Identify some features of the Guru Granth Sahib								
	Explain what the mool mant	ar is and why it is important							
	Sacred Texts- The Qur'an:	1 II II 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
	Identify how and why the Q	ur'an is treated with respect	CANAL BUILD		T all P				
	Explain why its importance t		73.8.0						
	Sacred Texts- The Torah:		**************************************						
	Identify some features of the Torah								
	Explain what the Torah teac	hes Jews about God.							
	Sikhism	Christianity	Christianity	Christianity	Islam	Judaism			
	Guru Granth Sahib: A living	Why do Christians celebrate	What did Jesus leave behind?	Why do Christians remember	Why is the Qur'ran a sacred	The Torah: God's law for the			
	Guru	Christmas?	6.0388	the last supper?	book?	Jews			
		10.10	R42720 E	. ////					
PSHE	Being in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me			
		7.76.76			D.C				
	Railway Safety	Assumptions and	Achieving realistic goals	Motivation	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries	Life cycles in nature			
	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities	stereotypes about gender Understanding bullying	Perseverance	Healthier choices	Friendship and conflict	Growing from young to old			
	Rewards and consequences	Standing up for self and	Learning strengths Learning with others	Relaxation  Healthy eating and nutrition	Secrets Trust and	Increasing independence Differences in female and			
	Safe and fair learning	others	Group co-operation	Healthier snacks and sharing	appreciation	male bodies (correct			
	environment	Making new friends	Contributing to and sharing	food	Expressing appreciation for	terminology)			
	Valuing contributions	Gender diversity	success		special relationships	Assertiveness			
	Choices	Celebrating difference and	Children's Mental Health			Preparing for transition			
	Recognising feelings	remaining friends	Week			Water Safety			
		Anti-bullying Week							
	World Mental Health Day								
		JEILE	-						